



## Healthy *Before* Pregnancy

### Personal Reproductive Health Risk Assessment for Males

Question	YES	NO
1. Do you go to your health care provider at least once a year for a check up?	Yes= 1	No=0
2. Do you go to your dentist at least every six months to get your teeth cleaned?	Yes= 1	No=0
3. Do you eat fast food at least three times a week?	Yes=0	No=1
4. Do you get at least 30 minutes of moderate physical activity at least 5 times a week?	Yes= 1	No=0
5. Have you ever been diagnosed with a sexually transmitted infection?	Yes=0	No=1
6. Do you know when you intend to have children (someday)?	Yes= 1	No=0
7. Do you take steps to handle your stress in a positive way?	Yes= 1	No=0
8. Do you smoke?	Yes=0	No=1
9. Do you take prescription medications?	Yes= 0	No=1
10. Do you have \$200 or more in credit card debt?	Yes= 0	No=1

11. Do you know your sickle cell status?	Yes= 1	No=0
12. Have you been immunized against human papillomavirus (HPV)?	Yes= 1	No=0
13. Do you or anyone in your immediate family have diabetes or high blood pressure?	Yes=0	No=1
14. Is your weight status overweight, obese, or underweight?	Yes=0	No=1
15. Have you ever been hit by a significant other?	Yes=0	No=1
16. Do you get at least eight hours of sleep most nights?	Yes= 1	No=0
17. Do you take a multivitamin with at least 400 micrograms of folic acid every day?	Yes= 1	No=0
18. Have you and your partner (at the time) ever had a pregnancy scare?	Yes=0	No=1
19. Has anyone in your family had a poor birth outcome (infant death, premature baby, low birth weight baby, birth defect)?	Yes= 0	No=1
20. Do you consider yourself to be in excellent health?	Yes= 1	No=0

**Add up your points and put the resulting number here: \_\_\_\_\_**



## **Healthy *Before* Pregnancy**

### **Answer/Scoring Key: Personal Reproductive Health Risk Assessment for Males**

<b>Points</b>	<b>Sheet Assignment</b>
<b>20-15</b>	Low Risk
<b>14-9</b>	Moderate Risk
<b>0-8</b>	High Risk

\*This exercise was designed to help adolescent males assess their personal risk of a poor birth outcome if they were to father a child today. It is by no means a medical recommendation. All males and females should talk with their own health care providers about their personal risk factors that could affect their own health and the health of any current or future pregnancies.



## Healthy *Before* Pregnancy

### Explanation of Personal Reproductive Risk Assessment for Males

<p><b>1. Do you go to your health care provider at least once a year for a check up?</b></p> <p>Regular health care is important to your health. Regular care should include a physical exam, review of family health history, weight, blood pressure check, diabetes testing and assessment of health habits that may be considered risky.</p>
<p><b>2. Do you go to your dentist at least every six months to get your teeth cleaned?</b></p> <p>Gum disease and other types of infections of the mouth affect can affect your overall health. It increases the risk of heart disease, and can cause a pregnant woman to go into labor early.</p>
<p><b>3. Do you eat fast food at least three times a week?</b></p> <p>Fast Food is loaded with saturated fat and is low in essential vitamins and minerals. Eating fast food on a regular basis can increase your risk of obesity as well as poor nutrition.</p>
<p><b>4. Do you get at least 30 minutes of moderate physical activity at least 5 times a week?</b></p> <p>Physical activity helps you to look and feel her best. Regular exercise and eating a healthy diet may help to prevent some illnesses, and decreases your risk for colds and other infections.</p>
<p><b>5. Have you ever been diagnosed with a sexually transmitted infection?</b></p> <p>Unprotected sex can put you at risk for infections of the reproductive organs. This can lead to internal scarring, and infertility later in life. In addition, some STIs cannot be cured and stay with you for life. For women, many STIs can affect the health of baby if not treated properly. Preventing both initial STIs and STI transmission, as well as STI treatment, throughout a pregnancy are a must for men and women.</p>
<p><b>6. Do you know when you intend to have children (someday)?</b></p> <p>Putting down on paper your plan for when and if you want to have children decreases your chance of experiencing an unintended pregnancy. Infants conceived without planning are at a higher risk for poor health, and life long health complications.</p>
<p><b>7. Do you take steps to handle your stress in a positive way?</b></p> <p>Stress can increase a individual's risk for illness and infection. Ongoing stress can put you at risk for chronic diseases like high blood pressure.</p>

**8. Do you smoke?**

Smoking increased your risk of developing health problems. Individuals who smoke at a young age are more likely to develop serious lung disease in the future. Smoking around a woman who is pregnant increases her risk of delivering an infant who dies before its first birthday.

**9. Do you take prescription medications?**

For women, some prescription medications can harm a fetus and could lead to birth defects. For men, some medications may make conception more difficult. Some medications exacerbate existing health problems. Always ask your health care provider about the risks of taking a medication. Also, some antibiotics can decrease the effectiveness of some forms of birth control, for example, birth control pills.

**10. Do you have \$200 or more in credit card debt?**

Individuals who go into debt have a hard time getting out of debt. A poor credit score can affect your ability to buy a car, house or get financial aid in the future. Being financially healthy is a major protective factor for health. Financial insecurity is closely linked to chronic diseases.

**11. Do you know your sickle cell status?**

Sickle cell anemia and trait is one of the most common inherited conditions that African-Americans have. Both trait and disease can have health implications. Know what is in your genes, and how it can be passed on if you father a child.

**12. Have you been immunized against human papillomavirus (HPV)?**

HPV is a major cause of cervical cancer (women) and genital warts. Protecting yourself with this new vaccine decreases your risk of this STI and infecting a partner with an infection that may lead to cervical cancer, serious health issue. HPV is the most common STI.

**13. Do you or anyone in your immediate family have diabetes or high blood pressure?**

If you have a close relative with diabetes or high blood pressure you are at an increased risk to develop these health problems, both of which can cause severe debilitating conditions several decades after the initial diagnosis is made. For women, both of these diseases can cause serious complications when pregnant if they are not well controlled

**14. Is your weight status unhealthy?**

Being underweight or overweight can cause health problems. Underweight individuals are more likely to have weaker bones, and being overweight can increase your risk for diabetes and heart disease and poor birth outcomes in women.

**15. Have you ever been hit by a significant other?**

Domestic violence is a major danger to health. 1 out of every 4 women will experience an abusive relationship. Some will not survive it. If you are in need of help, you can call a domestic violence hot line. The risk of domestic violence goes up for women when they are pregnant. Abuse can happen in teen relationships and to men; seek help immediately.

**16. Do you get at least eight hours of sleep most nights?**

It is essential for the body to have the opportunity to rest in order to rebuild, and rejuvenate. When you do not give your body this opportunity you increase your risk for illnesses and health consequences.

**17. Do you take a multivitamin with at least 400 micrograms of folic acid every day?**

Some studies show that folic acid might decrease the risk of developing breast, cervical and colon cancer, helps prevent heart disease, and can help prevent neural tube birth defects if taken by women before becoming pregnant and through the first several weeks of early pregnancy. Folic acid has also been shown to have a positive impact on sperm production. Get in the habit—start now and take them for life.

**18. Have you and your partner (at the time) ever had a pregnancy scare?**

Infants born as a result of an unintended pregnancy are more likely to be born less healthy, increasing their risk for life long complications.

**19. Has anyone in your family had a poor birth outcome (infant death, premature baby, low birth weight, birth defect)?**

A family history of a poor birth outcome may put you at higher risk for one as well, though not necessarily. Talk to your health care provider well before planning a pregnancy to come up with a plan for optimal health for you, your partner, and your future baby.

**20. Do you consider yourself to be in excellent health?**

One's perception of health is very telling. If you do not think you are in excellent or good health, then there are probably health habits you have which you already know are bad for you. Once identified they can be eliminated.

\*This exercise was designed to help adolescent males assess their personal risk of a poor birth outcome if they were to father a child today. It is by no means a medical recommendation. All males and females should talk with their own health care providers about their personal risk factors that could affect their own health and the health of any current or future pregnancies.